

Drink Our Cooling Beverages

We Are Exclusive Bottlers and Distributors

GREEN RIVER ORANGE SMILE
COCO-COLA

Soda Water of All Flavors

Hund & Eger

Tel. Main 23 421 North 2nd Street
St. Joseph, Mo.
AGENTS FOR PABST "BLUE RIBBON"

Fine Harness and Saddles

made especially for Farmers and Stockmen, sent direct to you by express, parcel post or freight. Send for free illustrated catalog, full of fine values in Harness, Saddles and Accessories. This interesting catalog is yours for the asking.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS. WE SELL DIRECT TO YOU AT ONE SMALL PROFIT, SAVING YOU THE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS.

All of our harness and workmanship is guaranteed, and you will find our prices right. As to our reliability, we refer you to any bank or banker in St. Joseph.

JAMES LUNDON

Manufacturer of Light and Heavy Harness. Also a Full Line of Lap Robes, Nets, Blankets, Collars, Whips, Etc.

PHONE 1362--220 SOUTH FOURTH STREET--ST. JOSEPH, MO.

THE BURNES NATIONAL BANK

United States Depository Capital and Surplus, \$300,000.00

OFFICERS

JAS. H. McCORD, President
JNO. D. RICHARDSON, Vice-President
JNO. J. WALSH, Asst. Cashier
GEO. A. NELSON, Vice-President and Cashier

DIRECTORS

JNO. D. RICHARDSON, Vice-President and President Richardson Dry Goods Company.
HENRY J. MUELLER, President, Mueller-Keller Candy Co.
RALPH E. COSTIGAN, President, Noyes-Norman Shoe Co.
CHARLES ARDERY, President, Johnson-Woodbury Hat Company.
CHARLES J. SCHNECKER, Vice-President, Nave-McCord Mercantile Company.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

Report to the Humane Society

—all cases of cruelty to children, aged persons and animals. Humane Agent's Office, 2nd floor Central Police Station. Phone Main 1122. Office hours, 8-9 a. m. and 1-2 and 7-3 p. m.

H. O. Sidenfaden

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Corner Tenth and Frederick Avenue. Lady Attendant.
TELEPHONES MAIN 525 AND MAIN 205

D. E. HEATON, President. GEO. J. BE GOLE, Vice-Pres. and Manager.
J. W. KARLE, Sec'y and Treas.

Heaton-BeGole Undertaking Co.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

With Lady Attendant

224 South Eighth Street Bell Phone 1782

(No. 26385)
ORDER OF PUBLICATION
In the Circuit Court of Buchanan County, Missouri, to the October Term, A. D. 1921.
State of Missouri, County of Buchanan, ss.
Roma Waller, John J. Fisher and Edward Fisher, Plaintiffs
vs.
Joseph Welpert, George Welpert, Antoine Welpert, Mary Puls, Lydia Bahr and Lena Wiedmaier, Defendants.

Now at this day comes the plaintiffs by their attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in vacation that said defendants, George Welpert, Antoine Welpert, Mary Puls and Lydia Bahr, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and do not reside therein, it is ordered that said non-resident defendants be notified by publication, as required by law, that said plaintiffs have commenced their suit in this Court against said defendants by petition and affidavit, the object and general nature of which is to ascertain and determine the title and interest of all of the parties to said suit in the following described real estate, to-wit:

ship fifty-seven of range thirty-three, containing seventy-eight acres, more or less; also the north thirteen acres of the southeast quarter of the north-west quarter of said section five, township fifty-seven, range thirty-three; and to partition same among the owners. That unless the said George Welpert, Antoine Welpert, Mary Puls and Lydia Bahr shall be and appear at the next term of this Court to be begun and held at the Court House, in the City of St. Joseph, in Buchanan County, State of Missouri, on the 3rd day of October, 1921, or before the third day of said term, to answer plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken for confessed as to them and judgment rendered accordingly, and said property partitioned or sold as the court might order.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in The St. Joseph Observer, a newspaper published in the County of Buchanan, for four weeks successively, the last insertion of which to be at least fifteen days before the next October term of this Court.

A true copy. Attest:
EMMETT J. CROUSE, Clerk.
By J. L. McMenamy, Deputy Clerk.
John S. Boyer, Attorney for Plaintiff.
(813)

LODGE WILL HAVE CHARGE OF THE PEACE TREATY

(Continued from Page One)

males treaty. It is provided, however, that the United States may assent to other parts of the treaty if it specifically consents to do so. Thus the door is left open for the ultimate ratification of the treaty of Versailles except the covenant of the League of Nations which is specifically repudiated.

This is the first time in the history of the world that any government claimed rights under a treaty, including the right to enforce it, which it had specifically refused to ratify. If one might inject a bit of American slang into the language of the diplomats, this would be called bughouse diplomacy.

German and American View
What does this Berlin treaty—this separate peace treaty—settle? According to the Vossische Zeitung it settles nothing; it is simply a protocol or a frame work upon which to negotiate the commercial and economic agreements which are to prevail between the two countries. The most important matters concerning our future relations with Germany are yet to be negotiated. The German press expresses satisfaction with the treaty so far, which is not surprising, as it drives a wedge between the United States and the Allies by relieving this country of the responsibility for enforcement of the Versailles treaty except the sections included in the separate treaty.

According to the New York World, President Harding and Mr. Hughes have translated Col. Harvey's Pilgrimage Society speech into the Treaty of Berlin, and it then says, "They have stripped it of everything which carried the suggestion of an ideal or a noble purpose."

What does the Berlin treaty settle? According to the World it settles the question of what our boys did for in the great war. It says:

"In the light of this formal diplomatic expression of the Harvey-Hardding principles it can be said too that the dead in this war did not die in vain. They died in order to validate the American title to German private property which the government of the United States took over and held to guarantee the payment of private claims against the German government. It is for this that they gave their young lives. It is for this that all the sacrifices were made. It is for this that the American people poured out their blood and treasure."

It is Roosevelt's "Soft Peace"

Will the separate peace treaty with Germany be ratified? At this writing it looks as if it would be unless something develops in debate to change the situation. With Congress in recess and most of the senators absent one cannot get a true consensus of Democratic senatorial opinion. The Democrats, however, are for the treaty of Versailles. In the separate treaty they get a part of the treaty of Versailles, with a future prospect of getting the whole treaty. For this reason there may not be solid opposition, for every one wants peace, and a part of a loaf is better than no bread, especially when there is a chance to get the rest of the loaf.

The bitter-enders will probably oppose it, because they realize that the administration in adopting the Treaty of Versailles piecemeal is trying to pull the wool over their eyes. Several of that element were ardent followers of the late Col. Roosevelt, and they realize that this treaty is what he meant when he expressed the fear that President Wilson would make a "soft peace" with Germany, never thinking that his party would be in a position to make a "soft peace."

In any event, senators have plenty of time to study the separate peace treaty in all of its squalor and sordidness, what it contains and what it omits, and the debate on it is expected to be both interesting and illuminating.

It can be said that some Democrats take satisfaction in the knowledge that the Republican administration did not go outside of the Versailles treaty in making its separate peace.

League Before Disarmament
While the League of Nations may or may not figure in the debate of the separate peace treaty with Germany, Senator McCumber (Rep., S. D.), ranking Republican member of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, has revived that subject in an exclusive statement to the International News Service, in relation to the coming conference on disarmament, the substance of which is that before we can have reduction of armaments there must be a league or association of nations bound by a written contract to prevent wars of aggression and to compel arbitration of international disputes.

"Just to the extent that President Harding is able to consummate such an agreement between the powerful nations," said Senator McCumber, "just to that extent will we be able to decrease the burden of armaments."

An agreement for a reduction of armaments would be futile, according to the South Dakota senator, without such a league of powerful nations both to prevent war and compel arbitration—that is to use force when necessary, or more specifically speaking, a League to Enforce Peace.

Whether or not the Harding administration would consent to such a league cannot be foretold. Its face is set against any sort of internationalism, and this is internationalism in the -nth degree.

If this matter is taken up as a condition precedent to disarmament and the Far Eastern diplomatic problems injected into the subject are also to be solved prior to a disarmament agreement, the forthcoming disarmament conference will be far from the simple matter contemplated under the Borah resolution. Yet Senator McCumber's position finds many supporters who ask, "What is the use of a disarmament agreement if there is no way to enforce it?"

Big Beneficiaries of Tax Reduction

The extent of the huge profits made by the corporations, which have been relieved of their excess profits tax and higher surtaxes in the pending Fordney Tax revision bill, were set forth in a speech by Representative Oldfield (Dem., Ark.), in opposing the tax bill. Among other things, he said:

"The profits of all the corporations of this country had never exceeded \$4,000,000,000 before 1913. For the year 1917 these profits reached the astounding figure of ten and one-half billion dollars. For the four years 1916-1919, inclusive, profits averaged \$9,000,000,000 before taxes were paid and \$7,000,000,000 after all federal taxes had been paid. In other words, these corporations made over \$2,000,000,000 during the four years 1916-1919, and they also made around \$7,000,000,000 in 1920. Yet they come before the Congress of the United States and ask the Congress to relieve them of taxation, and, of course, they advocate the sales or consumption taxes. Everybody knows that a sales tax would be passed on to the consumer, and these gentlemen—practically all of them—are in favor of a turnover sales tax, and they are for it because they can pass it on to the consumers of America."

"Now, gentlemen, if they can pass the excess-profits tax on to the consumers of America, why is it they are so anxious to have it repealed and substitute a sales tax, which everybody admits would be passed on to the consumers of the country? These gentlemen are almost as inconsistent as the advocates who come before our committee for high protective tariffs. I recall quite vividly that nearly every person who appeared before the Ways and Means Committee on the tariff bill, including Mr. Hoover, the secretary of commerce, stated that we were being swamped with imports from abroad, and now the figures have been disclosed by

Secretary Hoover's testimony showing that they had fallen off more than half before he testified before our committee."

ASSAILS DEMOCRATS FOR HIGH GOVERNMENT COST

(Continued from Page One)

cannot have forgotten, even if he thinks the country has, that all of the power over appropriations has been held by the Republicans themselves for two years, six months and sixteen days from the date of this article. They have had the sole power, which the constitution gives to congress alone, by levying taxes and appropriating the sums secured from such taxation. While Mr. Wilson was president for two years of this time, congress during those two years was Republican in both branches, and Mr. Wilson and the members of his cabinet could not alter the rates of taxation or name the objects upon which the tax should be collected, and they could not expend one penny of revenues without the item having been provided for by the Republican congress. Every one knows that the appropriations of the present fiscal year and of the last fiscal year were made by Republican congresses; if they are excessive, let the president lay the blame where it belongs, on his own party. Leaving out the special expenses necessary to the conduct of the war, the general expenses of the government have been larger under the appropriations of the Republicans than under the Democrats. And while the Republicans have absolutely controlled congress for these thirty and one-half months, taxes have not been reduced one single penny. It is not necessary to prove these things—they are matters of common knowledge. The country is still paying war taxes, almost three years after the signing of the armistice, and those ever-changing proposals for reduction, none of which have been carried out, are mainly in the interest of the big corporations and the millionaires, such as Secretary Mellon himself, while the proposals will actually increase the taxes of thousands of small corporations. The average income-taxpayer is offered a sop in the way of an increased exemption. No one doubts that he needs it and a good deal more.

Used Him as a Peg

Of course the president merely used Senator McCormick as a peg on which to hang a letter which was intended to draw public attention from the shortcomings of the Republican congress, but it rather serves to remind the people that these faults of the congress are many and that they cover a long period, and it also reminds them that the senator has been one, though only one of many, of those legislators who accept the salary of the position while loafing on the job.

WALLACE BASSFORD.

Chart No. 821

Reserve District No. 10

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE BURNES NATIONAL BANK

At St. Joseph, in the State of Missouri, at the Close of Business on September 9, 1921.

RESOURCES	
1. (a) Loans and discounts, including rediscounts.....	\$2,375,061.91
2. Overdrafts, unsecured.....	92,372.00
3. U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES OWNED:	
(a) Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value).....	140,000.00
(b) All other United States Government Securities.....	527,300.00
4. OTHER BONDS AND SECURITIES, ETC. (par value).....	667,890.00
5. Real estate owned other than banking house.....	6,312.44
6. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.....	207,124.75
7. Cash in vault and amount due from city or town of reporting bank.....	1,129,643.33
8. Amount due from State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States (other than included in items 3 or 10).....	148,790.23
9. Exchanges for clearing houses.....	76,336.53
10. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than item 7).....	3,897.31
11. Total of items 10, 11, 12 and 13.....	1,335,670.50
12. Checks on other banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items.....	6,671.49
13. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer.....	7,000.00
Total.....	\$4,665,910.37
LIABILITIES	
14. Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 23,000.00
15. Surplus fund.....	100,000.00
16. Undivided profits.....	121,804.24
(a) Reserved for interest and taxes accrued.....	46,000.00
(b) Reserved for interest and discount unearned.....	38,600.00
17. Circulating notes outstanding.....	218,504.54
18. Amount due to national banks.....	120,910.00
19. Amount due to State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries (other than included in item 23).....	703,111.22
20. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding.....	16,331.47
21. DEMAND DEPOSITS (OTHER THAN BANK DEPOSITS) SUBJECT TO RESERVE (deposits payable within 30 days):	
(a) Individual deposits subject to check.....	1,433,546.90
(b) Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed).....	24,530.51
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve.....	1,458,077.41
22. TIME DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO RESERVE (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):	
(a) Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed).....	139,402.08
(b) Other time deposits.....	1,112,818.03
23. Postal savings deposits (other than postal savings).....	1,386.25
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, items 22, 23 and 24.....	1,253,606.36
24. UNITED STATES DEPOSITS (other than postal savings) including War Loan deposit account and deposits of United States Disbursing officers.....	7,975.31
25. U. S. Government Securities borrowed.....	185,998.00
Total.....	\$4,665,910.37

State of Missouri, County of Buchanan, ss.:
I, Geo. A. Nelson, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. A. NELSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of September, 1921.
(Seal)
My commission expires January 30, 1924.

J. WESLEY KOST, Notary Public.

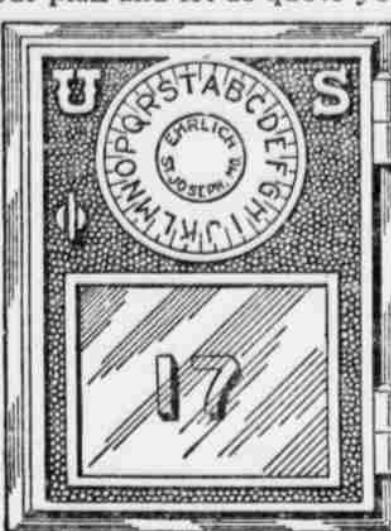
Correct-Attest:
JNO. S. BRITTAIN, JR.,
CHARLEY ARDERY,
CHARLES J. SCHNECKER,
Directors.

Post Office Fixtures

Are Made in St. Joseph, Mo.

Send us your plan and let us quote you our price

We will sell the lock boxes separately if so desired



Just tell us what you need and we will do the rest

H. Ehrlich & Sons
Manufacturing Co.
The Fixture Makers St. Joseph, Mo.

(No. 35581)
ORDER OF PUBLICATION
In the Circuit Court of Buchanan County, Missouri, to the October Term, A. D. 1921.
Moses Nemoff, Plaintiff
vs.
Lemuel W. Dupuy, Mary J. Dupuy, William Kelim, Sylvia Kelim, James M. Wood, Adam F. Miller, Thomas M. Trotter, T. H. Trotter, C. M. Wood, C. K. Wood, Florence N. Dupuy, Porter Buchanan, John McDaniel, Ella McDaniel, Milla York, James H. McDaniel, John McDaniel, Nancy Jane Trotter, William Henry McDaniel, Smith G. McDaniel, Thomas Byrne, Cella Byrne, Ann Byrne, and James R. Dupuy, Defendants.

Now on this 13th day of August, 1921, comes the plaintiff, by his attorneys, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the above named Circuit Court, by allegation in plaintiff's petition, that the defendants, Lemuel W. Dupuy, Mary J. Dupuy, William Kelim, Sylvia Kelim, James M. Wood, Adam F. Miller, Thomas M. Trotter, T. H. Trotter, C. M. Wood, C. K. Wood, Florence N. Dupuy, Porter Buchanan, John McDaniel, Ella McDaniel, Milla York, James H. McDaniel, John McDaniel, Nancy Jane Trotter, William Henry McDaniel, Smith G. McDaniel, Thomas Byrne, Cella Byrne, Ann Byrne, and James R. Dupuy, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and do not reside therein, and cannot be served with the ordinary process of law in the State of Missouri;

And it further appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, by allegation in said petition, duly verified by attorney for the plaintiff, that there are persons interested in, or who claim to be interested in, the subject matter of this petition, and in the real estate therein and herein described, as lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block nine (9) in Oliver, Glass & Wilson's addition to the city of St. Joseph, Buchanan County, whose names the plaintiff cannot insert therein or hereinafter because they are unknown to plaintiff, but that such persons are the unknown consorts, heirs, devisees, donees, alienees, immediate, remote, or voluntary or involuntary grantees of Lemuel W. Dupuy, Mary J. Dupuy, William Kelim, Sylvia Kelim, James M. Wood, Adam F. Miller, Thomas M. Trotter, T. H. Trotter, C. M. Wood, C. K. Wood, Florence N. Dupuy, Porter Buchanan, John McDaniel, Ella McDaniel, Milla York, James H. McDaniel, John McDaniel, Nancy Jane Trotter, William Henry McDaniel, Smith G. McDaniel, Thomas Byrne, Cella Byrne, Ann Byrne, and James R. Dupuy, whose interest in said real estate was derived by reason of certain decrees, wills and deeds, dated and recorded in the Court of Common Pleas of Buchanan County, Missouri, in the office of the recorder of deeds of said county, as follows:

Decree in the case of Taylor Oliver vs. Lemuel W. Dupuy, et al. filed September 12, 1857, and recorded in the office of the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Buchanan County, Missouri, recorded in book "T" page 599, in the office of the recorder of deeds of said county.

Trustee's deed, dated December 4, 1862, recorded in book 30 page 115.

Sheriff's deed, dated March 25, 1865, recorded in book 35, page 161.

Deed dated May 22, 1866, recorded in book 39, page 14.

Deed filed April 23, 1869, recorded in book 55, page 179.

Deed dated November 1, 1869, recorded in book 55, page 371.

Deed dated August 5, 1886, recorded in book 139, page 24.

Deed of trust dated October 4, 1859, recorded in book "W" page 238.

Deed of trust filed July 26, 1860, recorded in book "Y" page 605.

Will recorded in the office of the Probate Court of Buchanan County, Missouri, in book "D" page 574, dated August 16, 1871.

Deed dated October 15, 1873, recorded in book 77, page 84.

Deed dated January 1, 1861, recorded in book 167, page 458.

It is therefore ordered that the defendants and the above unknown persons, be notified by publication, as required by law, that the plaintiff has commenced his suit in this Court, against said defendants, and said unknown persons, by petition, the object and general nature of which is to ascertain, determine and adjudicate the claims, right, title and interest, of the persons, plaintiff and defendants, in and to the above described real estate, and to vest the title in the plaintiff by limitations, and forever bar and enjoin the defendants from claiming any right, title or interest, in or to, or lien upon, any part of said real estate, and that unless said defendants, and said above unknown persons, shall be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the Court House in the city of St. Joseph, Buchanan County, Missouri, on the first Monday of October, 1921, on or before the third day of said term, to answer plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and an order and decree rendered accordingly, vesting the title to said above described real estate in the plaintiff, and barring and enjoining the defendants, and said unknown persons, and every one claiming by, through or under them, or any of them, from setting up or claiming any right, title or interest, in or to, or lien upon, any part of the above described real estate.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in The St. Joseph Observer, a newspaper published in the City of St. Joseph, Buchanan County, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion of which shall be at least fifteen days before the next October, 1921, term of this Court.

Attest: A true copy.
EMMETT J. CROUSE, Clerk.
(Seal)
Groves & Watkins, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
(826)

(No. 35403)
ORDER OF PUBLICATION

In the Circuit Court of Buchanan County, Missouri, to the October Term, A. D. 1921.
State of Missouri, County of Buchanan, ss.
Rosebud May, Plaintiff
vs.
Robert L. May, Defendant.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff by her attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in vacation that said defendant, Robert L. May, a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and does not reside therein, it is ordered that said non-resident defendant be notified by publication, as required by law, that said plaintiff has commenced her suit in this Court against said defendant by petition and affidavit, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the defendant, on the grounds of indignities, such as to render her condition in life as his wife intolerable, in this, to-wit: that the defendant, on various and at times remained away from home at night, and that at said times associated with lewd men and women and when plaintiff remonstrated with defendant on account of such conduct, defendant would curse and abuse this plaintiff; that the defendant spent his money on other women and in gambling and failed and refused to support this plaintiff and his legitimate child. That unless the said defendant, Robert L. May, shall be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the Court House, in the City of St. Joseph, in Buchanan County, State of Missouri, on the 3rd day of October, 1921, on or before the third day of said term, to answer plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken for confessed as to him and judgment rendered accordingly.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in The St. Joseph Observer, a newspaper published in the County of Buchanan, for four weeks successively, the last insertion of which to be at least fifteen days before the next October, 1921, term of this Court.

A true copy. Attest:
EMMETT J. CROUSE, Clerk.
(Seal)
By J. L. McMenamy, Deputy Clerk.
Kay G. Porter, Attorney for Plaintiff.
(829)

The Hale Hunter-Leader reports a real town excitement. A hound dog crawled into a tile presumably after a rabbit. When he had gone as far as he could he tried to dig out which resulted in dirt in front of him, dirt to the rear of him and tile all around him. His piteous howls brought results and he was finally released after a stay of several days.